

# Semi-Weekly Interior Journal.

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## Semi-Weekly Interior Journal

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W. P. WALTON.

### IN MEMORIAM.

A loving tribute to the memory of Miss Ella Florence Boores, born January 4, 1857, died April 19th, 1885.

"Leaf by leaf" the roses fall,  
The angel of death kissed the cold lips of my dear friend Ella and she closed her eyes in peaceful sleep forever. For her the Sabbath marked the beginning of time as it also marked the ending. The closing scene was a solemn and impressive one. Grouped around the couch were the faithful and devoted mother, the loving father, fond sisters and brothers and sympathetic friends, all of whom were deeply grieved at the loss of the precious life of one so dear and so young. It was a holy place. With almost her last breath she whispered the words "I am dying." So serenely she passed away. The golden chord of life was severed, and a world of sorrow and death exchanged for a glorified state of being. Truly it can be said of her that she "fell asleep in the arms of Jesus." While her peaceful hands lay across her pale breast to-day, while her form lies at rest in its new made tenement of clay in the Lancaster cemetery, her pure and noble soul has put on its wings of immortality and now floats upward, yonder, beyond the "star-built dome," and as the angels gather around the "beautiful gate" they will keep nightly vigils for the "new bride" who has "passed the narrow way." On the night before her spirit took its flight, she called the family around her bedside, told them she fully realized her condition, that it did not excite her to speak of death and that she wanted to speak to them while there was yet time. She gave to each something as a keepsake and left messages for absent loved ones. Also requested that Rev. J. G. Livingston would preach her funeral as he had baptized her. She was anxious for the end to draw near and said she did not want to prolong the suffering she had endured for several long years. Although a great sufferer she was ever gentle and patient, never murmuring. Ella's death has left in many hearts an aching void which another's image can never fill. She was a universal favorite and ever ready and willing to give advice or words of encouragement to those who asked for either. Possessing a highly cultivated mind and a heart that knew no guile, she was fully capable of doing so. No voiced urn or marble inscription is needed to perpetuate her memory. Though she "passed the sleep of the blessed" her influence will ever live in the hearts of those who enjoyed the sweet pleasure of her society. Rev. J. G. Livingston, in his funeral discourse, paid to her many virtues glowing tribute. To the bereaved parents and sisters, whose hearts are crushed and bleeding, I, with many other friends, tender my sincere sympathies. To the fond sister who is far away in the West and who was the sweet comfort of being with Ella in her last hours, I must express my words of comfort. Amid the desolation of mourning and the dreariness of bereavement may you all have the fortitude to endure this afflictive stroke, and be consoled to look forward with confidence to a joyful reunion with the dear ones beyond the dark river through which she has passed.

Ella was to me a true and affectionate friend. Tenderly loved and cherished her, as I now cherish her memory. The quotation below, taken from one of her own poems aptly expresses my longing to see her yet once again.

To lay my hand on her hair,  
To lay my hand on her hair,  
Longing it will only be, I can never stand there.

Longing in vain for the form near the soil,  
For the dear, sweet face now hid by the soil,  
For the angel one softly resting with God.

Longing in vain,  
Why do I repeat it again and again?  
For my heart is almost crushed with pain.

Longing in vain,  
A faithful friend, MAGGIE E.

Respectfully inscribed to Dr. and Mrs. W. M. Doorey:

OUR LOVED ONE GONE.

Dear daughter! what sweet remembrances  
Stear on with these saddest hours,  
Of days when thy smile was the light of home,  
And thy love its brightest flowers.

But, ah! like a sunbeam flitting past,  
Is vanished that happy dream,  
For the Angel of Death its shadow cast  
Where the light of hope had been.

What sorrow lingers round the hearth  
Where once her presence, sweet,  
With sweetest music, with guileless mirth,  
Made evening joy so pite.

Ah! no more on earth to hear those strains  
Sweet notes have died away,  
With the flower that bloomed to fade so soon,  
From us was taken away.

Sweet Ella! through hours of loneliness,  
We miss thy voice, thy smile,  
A thousand fond, fond memories  
Filling our hearts the while.

Then angels bear our troubled hearts  
Far to the realms above,  
And we seem to see, among the blest,  
The dear face of her we love.

So happy with that angel band  
Where sins are all forgiven,  
A star to light life's shadowy path  
And guide us nearer heaven.

Tiden, Oh, sweet Ella, when life is done,  
And we lay down its burden of care,  
With love's glad greeting, I know you will  
And be first to welcome us there.

A Friend, M. S.

Commissioner of Pensions, General John C. Black, has issued an order forbidding Supervisors and Examiners of Pensions from drawing \$3 per diem for Sundays.

The new order will have the effect to reduce the salaries of the Supervisors and Examiners \$150 per year.

—All applications for appointments in the railway mail service should be made directly to the Superintendent Railway Mail Service, Post-Office Department, Washington, D. C.

THIS IDEA OF GOING WEST

to Colorado or New Mexico, for pure air to relieve Consumption, is all a mistake. Any reasonable man would use Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup for Consumption in all its first stages. It never fails to give relief in all cases of Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Pains in the Chest and all affections that are considered primary to Consumption. Price, 50 cents and \$1.00. Sold by McRoberts & Stagg.

### No Pauper Counties.

Commenting on an article in regard to free schools and the pauper counties, Dishman & Tinsley's Real Estate Advertiser, Harboursville, says:

"It is true that hitherto our people all over Kentucky have shown a criminal neglect of common schools. We demur, however, to the old hackneyed idea that a majority of the counties draw out more than they pay into the treasury and that they vote for a school tax simply to put money in their pockets. Our experience is that the counties at whom this thing is directed pay more attention to common schools, taken as a whole, than the more wealthy counties outside the cities. It is all they have in the way of educational facilities and although but a small pittance grudgingly given by a great and wealthy State, yet they make the most of it and the common schools of the mountain portions of the State have increased in usefulness 100 per cent. in the last five years. Beside this on the question of some counties paying more taxes than others, we have this to say—that when the State Board of Equalization met last summer at Frankfort, while they increased the taxes on a good many blue-grass counties, where they had put too low a valuation on their lands they decreased the tax on Real Estate in Knox 25 per cent and the same with a good many other pauper counties so called. Again, while Knox county pays less tax than the city of Louisville, yet her trade-business and resources go to make rich the city of Louisville and enable her to pay large taxes, and this may be said of all the other so called pauper counties. While we do not pay the tax directly, yet we contribute to those counties of our wealth and trade and enable them to pay them. This old cry of pauper counties has about played out. We are one State and one people and ought to be a great and prosperous people, but so long as the few set themselves up as the lords of creation and cry pauper at the many, our national interest will languish. If your neighbor is poor help him to get rich instead of trying to keep him poor. And this we say of Kentucky. Help us develop our resources; give us navigable rivers, macadamized roads as have been done in more wealthy localities. Give us the chances others have had and we will very soon show you where the wealth is and who pay the taxes. And we'll show a latent enterprise in the mountain people that will very soon place Kentucky where she ought to be in the great sisterhood of States."

The factories of Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama and Georgia are springing up quickly, and give our people the promise of great affluence. Our mineral resources are almost limitless, and may be said to be almost untouched. The best informed among us hardly realize the extent of these latent riches. Kentucky, it is said by competent judges, has finer coal and more coal than either Pennsylvania or England. This mineral wealth will soon excite the wonder of the world. To-day there is a strong bond of union and in a few years, there will be stronger feelings of sympathy between Tennessee and Pennsylvania than ever bound together Pennsylvania and Connecticut. One and twenty years ago the North and the South, like two good-hearted but high-spirited brothers were fighting over their differences, but at last they have become truly reconciled, realizing that they should love and cherish each other; that the prosperity of both; that their union is not like the union of England and Ireland, which Byron called the union of the shark with its prey—nor like the forced union of Germany and Alsace Lorraine—but rather like the union of a manly groom and his lovely bride—a union which leads to kindred tasks and the same hopes—which involves common aims and a common destiny.—[Extract from letter of Edward J. McDermott, of Louisville in The Badger.

From the tone of our exchanges covering a wide range of territory, in fact all sections of the country, the indications point to revival of business in all branches. The inquiries in regard to farms and city property as well as wild lands which come to the offices of the agents throughout the country, indicate a lively movement in real estate during the spring and summer. There seems to be a disposition on the part of the capitalists to put their money in real property rather than in railroad stocks. This is no doubt the effect of the lessons learned from the too dear experience of the past few years, during which time the stocks have been so remorselessly drowned and the lesser holders so thoroughly damped by the water at the command of railway magnates. The truism that "land is the basis of all security" has become quite popular.—[National Real Estate Investor.

The daily papers make us so familiar with shocking crimes that they do not shock us at all. We are almost as well acquainted with murders as with weddings. Is it not unwise to make us thus familiar with these infamous records? Are not the daily papers doing us an incalculable injury by thus making us callous to crime? We object to dreadful pictures on the fences; why not object to dreadful pen pictures in the daily press?—[Western Christian Advocate.

THE REV. GEO. H. THAYER, of Bourbon, Ind. says: "Both myself and wife owe our lives to Shiloh's Consumption Cure." For sale by Penny & McAllister.

### Let us Have a State Fair.

Why can't Kentucky have a State fair every year as well as other States? The gross receipts of the Indiana fair last year were \$24,429, and the expenses only \$20,702. There is no doubt that Kentucky can excel the world in the perfection of all kinds of live stock, while the soil is capable of yielding as great profits as farmers enjoy in any other State. There is need of some greater incentive than now exists to improvements in farming. To-day the best live stock are confined to a few counties and really profitable farming is not general in this State. A great fair held every year might excite a rivalry among the farmers of various counties, leading many who are now careless, to improve their lands, their crops and their farm animals. Doubtless there are many Kentucky farmers who are satisfied with their present attainments because they do not know how much better animals are bred by other farmers in the state, or how much more profitable crops are grown. Every great fair in this country includes displays of choice farm animals from Kentucky, and foreign buyers go to St. Louis, Springfield and Indianapolis to find good live stock that might be shown to more advantage within our own State. The first step toward securing such a fair as should be held in Kentucky is the organization of a State association of farmers. There are many reasons why such an organization should exist, some of which will be given in these columns from time to time.—[Lyon Commercial.

The above suggestion is a good one and while on this subject why not have county fairs in every county in the State. A fair in Knox or any of these counties in south-east Kentucky would in two years improve our stock 50 per cent., especially cattle. It is just as easy to raise a calf worth \$15 to \$20 at weaning time as to raise one worth \$5. If our farmers would only see this point and improve our stock of cattle the increase in its value would be remarkable. Some of our Knox county farmers had a project of this sort on foot a year or so ago, but we can't say what became of it. Get it up again gentlemen and let's have a fair. The thing once started in Knox, very soon other counties will take it up and we had as well be the pioneers in this business as any one else.—[Barbourville Real Estate Advertiser.

DURATION OF LIFE.—Men unemployed live longer than those engaged in occupation. The average duration of life of these idlers is 68 years; of judges, 65 years; of farmers, 64 years; of bank officers, 64 years; of coopers, 58 years; public officers, 57 years; clergymen, 56 years; shipwrights, 56 years; butchers, 54 years; lawyers, 54 years; rope makers, 54 years; blacksmiths, 51 years; merchants, 51 years; physicians, 51 years; butchers, 50 years; carpenters, 49 years; masons, 48 years; tailors, 44 years; manufacturers, bakers, painters, shoemakers and mechanics, 43 years; editors, 40 years; musicians, 39 years; printers, 38 years; and teachers and clerks, 34 years.

The "divides" which have been in vogue in this county for almost a year, are now numbered with the things of the past. All the indictments against parties connected with the "divides" have been dismissed. The opinion of the court is that when any person or persons shall go from one person to another and take his name and money for a gallon of liquor and so on, and when enough is sold in this way to make up a barrel "divided," that this is equivalent to retailing and a violation of the local option law.—[Monticello Signal.

An Oakland obituary notice referred to a deceased citizen as having "gone to a happier home." The widow is about bringing a libel suit. These Oakland women are too sensitive for anything.—[San Francisco Post.

"Some men are born great, some achieve greatness, and some have greatness thrust upon them," remarked a small man in the street car as a fat woman sat square down upon him.

WHY WILL YOU cough when Shiloh's Cure will give immediate relief? Price 50c and \$1. For sale by Penny & McAllister.

ITCH cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails! Sold by Penny & McAllister, Druggists, Stanford; also by M. C. & D. N. Williams, Mt. Vernon.

We Want a Lady

Of intelligence to take permanent, sole agency for our goods used in every family in this place. Stock furnished by us without investment. References indispensable. J. B. HULING Co., Chicago, Illinois.

"Rough on Rats" clears rats and mice out 15c. "Rough on Corns" for Corns and Bunions. 17c. Thin people, "Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigor, cures dyspepsia, etc. \$1.

"Rough on Toothache" gives instant relief. 15c. Ladies who would retain freshness and vivacity, don't fail to try "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Buchu-palva," great kidney and urinary cure. Files, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice cleared out by "Rough on Rats." 15c.

"Rough on Coughs," troches, 15c; liquid, 25c. For children, slow in development, puny and delicate, use "Wells' Health Renewer."

"Rough on Dents" Tooth Powder. Try it. 15c. Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Sexual Debility cured by "Wells' Health Renewer." \$1.

Mother Swan's Worm Syrup, for feverishness, worms, constipation; tasteless. 25c. Stinging, irritation, all Kidney and Urinary complaints cured by "Buchu-palva." \$1.

Night sweats, fever, chills, malaria, dyspepsia, cured by "Wells' Health Renewer."

My husband (writes a lady) is three times the man since using "Wells' Health Renewer." \$1. If you are falling, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." \$1.

Prevalence of Kidney complaint in America; Buchu-palva's a quick, complete cure. \$1.

### MT. SALEM, LINCOLN COUNTY.

—A fine boy made his debut at J. L. Bastin's about a week ago.

—Mr. Joseph Fletcher has a fine mare that has had 4 colts in 3 years and none of them twins.

—A Sunday school was organized at Smith's school-house on last Sabbath with John M. Dye as Superintendent.

—The Adonis features of George Carpenter is now circulating freely around here ostensibly collecting taxes, but rumor has it that there is a woman in the case.

—Winter has at last laid aside her hoary mantle and spring has put on her beautiful robes of green. Farmers are busy but backward.

—Mr. D. S. Jones, of McKinney returned last Friday from a successful fishing excursion at Williamsburg. He reported a terrific hail storm on Thursday night at that place. T. C. Jasper just returned from Cincinnati.

—The readers of the JOURNAL will excuse the writer for scarcity of news this week. Just returned in company with W. C. Richards from a 10 days' fishing expedition amid the wild and romantic scenery of Point Burnside. We found the people there clever and hospitable, but soon found we were looked upon as green-horns, from the fact we were timid walking "boom logs," couldn't leap from one floating saw-log to another without being in danger of being ducked, and failed to manage a boat with the skill of a Cumberland river man.

We found the mouth of the South Fork choked with water dogs which took W. C. Richards several days to clean out. After getting the channel clear and one day's successful fishing, a frightful wind, rain and hail storm struck us in camp last Thursday night which drove us from our position. Much damage was done to plowed land and planted corn. When we left the Cumberland was on a big high and still rising. There was a splendid tide for commercial purposes and timber rafts were floating down the river freely.

Barbourville.

In response to the many inquiries we are constantly receiving we would say that Barbourville is located on Cumberland River, 30 miles west of Cumberland Gap; 24 miles above Williamsburg, where the Knoxville Branch of the L. & N. railroad crosses the same; 15 miles east of Woodbine, a station on the L. & N. railroad. It has an institution of learning, "Union College," a splendid brick college building with 130 pupils enrolled; 2 churches, M. E. and Christian or Reformed; good public buildings and a population of about 800.

We have a dam across the river 8 feet high which gives us still water for six miles above, and a convenient body of water in which to construct booms for the purpose of catching logs. The town has an abundance of good pure soft water obtained from never-failing springs and wells. It is surrounded by low hills, is not subject to storm or flood and is very healthy. The streets are well paved and macadamized with stone and are clean and wide.—[Dishman & Tinsley's Real Estate Advertiser.

Positive Cure for Piles.

To the people of this county we would say that we have been given the agency of Dr. Marchisi's Italian Pile Ointment—emphatically guaranteed to cure or money refunded—Internal, External, Blind, Bleeding or Itching Piles. Price 50 cents a box. No cure, no pay. Penny & McAllister, Druggists.

Daughters, Wives and Mothers.

We emphatically guarantee Dr. Marchisi's Cathartic, a female remedy, to cure Female Diseases, such as Ovarian troubles, Inflammation and Ulceration, Falling and displacement or bearing down feeling, Irregularities, Barrenness, Change of Life, Leucorrhoea, besides many weaknesses springing from the above, like Headache, Bloating, Spinal Weakness, Sleeplessness, Nervous debility, Palpitation of the Heart, &c. For sale by druggists. Prices \$1 and \$1.50 per bottle. Send to Dr. Marchisi, Utica, N. Y., for pamphlet, free. For sale by Penny & McAllister, Druggists.

Destroy that Sigh.

One may feel that he is getting old, but he naturally dislikes that anything about his appearance should advise others of the fact. Yet nothing does this so effectually as thin and falling hair. No woman wants to marry a man and business firms hesitate to employ a man who shows this fatal sign. Parker's Hair Balsam is worth to you, in this regard, more than its weight in diamonds. Use it and have plentiful and glossy hair. Many have had every trace of grayness removed and bald spots covered by using a single bottle.

Bucklin's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Penny & McAllister.

Eno's Bona Scraping.

Edward Shepherd, of Harrisburg, Ill., says: "Having received so much benefit from Electric Bitters, I feel it my duty to let suffering humanity know it. I have had a running sore on my leg for eight years; my doctors told me that I would have to have the bone scraped or leg amputated. I used, instead, three bottles of Electric Bitters and seven boxes of Arnica Salve, and my leg is now sound and well." Electric Bitters are sold at 25 cents a bottle and Bucklin's Arnica Salve at 25c per box by Penny & McAllister.

A Startling Discovery.

Mr. Wm. Johnson, of Huron, Dak., writes that his wife had been troubled with acute Bronchitis for many years and that all remedies tried gave no permanent relief, until he procured a bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which had a magical effect and produced a permanent cure. It is guaranteed to cure all diseases of the Throat, Lungs or Bronchitis. Trial bottles free at Penny & McAllister's.

DR. BOSANKO.

This name has become so familiar with the most of people throughout the United States that it is hardly necessary to state that he is the originator of the great Dr. Bosanko's Cough and Lung Syrup, the people's favorite remedy, wherever known, for Coughs, Colds, Consumption and all affections of the Throat and Lungs. Price 50 cents and \$1.00. Sold by McRoberts & Stagg.

DESCRIPTION AND ANALYSIS  
OF THE FAMOUS  
**DRIPPING SPRINGS**  
CONCEDED ONE OF  
**The Finest Mineral Springs**  
In the World, located two miles east of Crab Orchard, Ky., at the foot of  
**Dripping Spring Mountain,**  
Near the Beautiful and Romantic streams of Fall Lick and Dix River.  
A Paradise for the seeker of  
**Health and Pleasure,**  
The Hunter or Angler, or for Lovers. A Large  
**SUMMER HOTEL,**  
Just Completed, with a Capacity for  
**ONE HUNDRED GUESTS.**  
Board only \$7.00 per Week; Cottages \$5.00.  
A reasonable deduction for Families with Children and Servants.  
SEASON OF 1885  
Opens May 1,  
Closes October 1.  
Preserve this Circular  
It may be of  
Benefit to you.  
Address all Communications to  
D. G. SLAUGHTER, Prop'r,  
Crab Orchard, Ky.

—IMMENSE STOCK OF—  
**WALL PAPER!**  
—TRIMMED AND—  
**READY FOR THE WALL!**  
—AT—  
**M'ROBERTS & STAGG'S.**  
ALL PRICES AND STYLES.

Things that are True and Things that are not True.

It is not true that the Czar of Russia sent the Mikado of Japan to buy Dr. Bourne's stock of Samarian Oil to grease the British Lion's ire.

It is not true that the Sultan of Turkey sent the Khan of Tartary to buy his supply of spring Medicines from Bourne.

It is not true that the Czarina and the Sultana sent the Czarowitz to buy their Cosmetics from Bourne.

No! neither the old Russia nor Turkey gal can get them. Bourne wants them for the Lincoln county ladies.

The Knive of Egypt, the Sagamore of the Sioux, the Sachem of the Choctaws, the Vizier of the Sultan, the Hospodar of Moldavia, nor the Pasha with his three household can buy Bourne's large stock of Medicines, Fancy Articles, Eyeglasses, Mixed Paints, Stationery, &c., &c. He wants them for his home trade.

He wants them for the fair ladies and gallant gentlemen, the sweet children and dear grandmas of our own county.

He wants them for you, gentle reader, that you may find anything kept in a first-class Drug Store at M. L. Bourne's New Drug Store, Stanford, Ky.

**B. K. WEAREN,**  
**UNDERTAKER,**  
—AND—  
**Dealer in Furniture!**

A Full and complete assortment of Furniture, embracing everything from the Cheapest to the Finest Parlor Suites. No need to go to the large cities to make your purchases, no matter what quantity or quality you want, as I can and will duplicate any prices you can obtain elsewhere, freight being added. Also a full assortment of Coffins, Cases, Shrouds and Robes, embracing all the New Styles, both cheap and expensive. Ware rooms opposite St. Asaph Hotel, Stanford, Ky.

**G. D. WEAREN,**  
**COMMISSION MERCHANT AND SPECIAL AGENT.**

**The Largest Stock of Buggies, Carriages, Surreys, Phaetons, Spring Wagons,**

**Farm Wagons, Village Carts and Buck Boards ever Brought to this market, from the Cheapest to the Best,**

**EMBRACING ABOUT FORTY DIFFERENT STYLES.**

**Also a Full and Complete Assortment of All Kinds of Farm and Mill Machinery.**

**Now is the Time to Place your Orders for Harrows, Corn Planters, Corn Drills, Cultivators and Field Rollers,**

**And see My Stock and get Prices before Purchasing. I have a few Sulky Spring Tooth Harrows that I am authorized to close out at less than cost.**

**They are Worth the Money asked for Them for Cultivating one crop of corn.**

**GEO. D. WEAREN.**



W. P. WALTON.

In an article advocating the encouragement of railroads, the *Real Estate Advertiser*, published by Dismann & Tinsley, takes the grounds that the legislature should "enact laws by which the State could guarantee the bonds of some good company that will build a road to the west of the Eastern Kentucky. Should the State be authorized to guarantee for instance the bonds of the Kentucky Union railroad these bonds would readily sell at par and all obstacles in the way of completing that road at an early day would be removed and the State would reap a rich harvest in the nature of taxes from the increased value of the lands in the counties through which this road runs. In other words the lands lying in the counties of Letcher, Perry, &c., now worth and valued at from two to five dollars per acre, would at once be worth and valued ten times higher. This is a matter our Legislature should seriously consider. They need take no risks, for by proper and judicious legislation they can secure the State against any loss whatever and we earnestly insist that something of the nature, that will at once aim at the development of this section, be inaugurated."

The United States Supreme Court has decided that the coupons of the Virginia bonds must be accepted for taxes, which is a decided victory for the honest people of that Mahone ridden State. As soon as the decision was learned in London the bonds advanced ten points and are still going up. With the administration against him Mahone will be worse than a dead dog in the pit and the prospect for a full redemption of the State is most flattering. Her good name has been trailing in the dust but the Mother of States and Statesmen is destined soon to take her high place in the estimation of the people of the nation.

GEN. GRANT is up and walking around on the streets and is getting entirely well in spite of the death warrants his physicians wrote for him. These fellows knew a good chance when they had it to advertise themselves and they did it for all it was worth. As to how well they succeeded the cuts of them now appearing in the public press and which we give on our 4th page abundantly prove. They would have never been heard of outside of their city, had they not been permitted to "bulletin" Grant's condition hourly during his illness.

The Lexington people are signing a petition asking the governor to pardon John Wiley, the swindler, who did his criminal work and fled to Canada. The grounds for asking it is that Wiley is in bad health and will likely die unless he can come home. We trust that Gov. Knott will yield to no such importunities. When Wiley places himself within the pale of the law and stands his trial, it will certainly be time enough then for him to interfere. An outlaw should not be made the beneficiary of executive clemency.

The pay of a Consul to Nice is not sufficient to pay the expenses of living there in any style whatever, and the glory of the position is not great enough to induce Mr. Boyd Winchester to undertake its duties. He has therefore declined, impressed no doubt with the belief that the chairman of a Kentucky convention, who suffered the chagrin of a refusal on the part of the delegates to hear his speech, deserves some better recognition at the hands of the President.

The President says he is going to retain the colored man Bruce as Register of the Treasury as he had made a good officer and that he will also retain James Hill, colored, Collector of Internal Revenue for Mississippi. His policy towards the colored people is greatly reassuring to them and they are beginning to see that the election of a democratic President does not mean their re-enslavement, but the fuller guarantee of all their rights under the constitution.

The war cloud in Europe continues to gather and blacken and there seems little prospect of averting a conflict at arms between England and Russia. Both sides are making every preparation for it and the English parliament has granted Gladstone a war credit of \$55,000,000. The army and the navy and the whole of the auxiliary forces of the nation will be put in immediate readiness for service if required.

Ex Gov. MOSES, the carpet bag ruler of South Carolina, in the terrible days of reconstruction, but more recently a sneak thief, and who is now serving a term in the Massachusetts prison for one of his many crimes, is preparing to lecture after his term expires. If he knows what is good for him he had better not go back to South Carolina to try it on.

The wisdom of the law just passed by the Ohio Legislature, which requires all executions to take place within the walls of the penitentiary, is not apparent. It creates an additional heavy expense in the way of transportation and is without the good example of having the crime atoned for in the community where it was committed.

It is said that Capt. Gross' Chief Clerk in all probability will be Mr. Wallace Gruelle, the editor of the *Breckinridge (Cloverport) News*. The position pays about \$2,000 a year and the fraternity all over the State will rejoice in the good fortune of one of its most brilliant men here.

—But one month of the New Orleans Exposition remains.

THE New York *World* continues to abuse Bayard for the appointment of Minister Phelps which it claims "was practically not the act of the President, who is trustful as well as conscientious. Mr. Bayard demanded this appointment, almost as a right, after making the most extravagant statements in favor of his Vermont friend, who had thrice advocated his nomination for the Presidency—against Tilden, against Hancock and against Cleveland. The Cabinet, in disregard of all precedent, was not allowed to decide or vote upon the appointment. Practically the Cabinet did not know of it, and no one is responsible for it but the Secretary of State."

ALTHOUGH we haven't any navy to speak of, the old hulks known as war ships and other naval items have cost the country since 1794, the vast amount of one billion and fifty-nine millions of dollars. Much of this sum was paid to favored dealers during the venal administration of Secretary Robeson.

## NOTES OF CURRENT EVENTS.

—The Crystal Springs distillery burned at Louisville.

—H. A. Witherspoon, the well-known clothier, Louisville, has assigned.

—The Louis Cook Carriage and Buggy Manufactory, Cincinnati, has assigned with liabilities of \$200,000.

—Gov. Knott has pardoned Lafayette Loving sent from Bowling Green for two years for manslaughter.

—Fifteen houses were swept away at Kingham, Ky., by a sudden rise in the river and many people were drowned.

—Andy Wepler is on trial at Louisville for the murder of Henry Clay. Two days were consumed in getting the jury.

—The Kentucky Supreme Court has just decided that a contract made by telephone is valid and can be sustained in court.

—Eleven storekeepers and gaugers have been retired, in the Covington district, under orders from the Department at Washington.

—Barclay Johnson, a young law student at New York, killed his mother and sister and then himself. He has relatives in Louisville.

—Vicksburg suffered a fire Wednesday that destroyed \$250,000 worth of property and the Pullman Palace Car Co. lost \$150,000 by the destruction of their repair shops at Philadelphia.

—Charles T. Herndon, of Fayette county, died this week after a short illness, of heart disease. He was one of the best known and most highly respected citizens of that section. His age was 72.

—A newspaper published near a successful creamery, says: There will be no question of patronage after the manufacture of butter or cheese has been followed a single season. The profits from the dairy will be very much more to the farmer than by any other system of farming.

—The amusing discovery is made that Jas. M. Morgan, of South Carolina, who on Friday last was appointed Consul at Melbourne, Australia, was all through the campaign last fall an ardent supporter of Blaine and Logan and wrote a pamphlet urging their election in the interests of American trade.

—A man named Mitchell has been obtaining money from applicants for office in Washington by pretending to have great influence with the heads of departments. He tried his game on Gen. Taylor, of Louisville, offering to secure a post-tradership worth \$40,000 a year for \$10,000, and was exposed.

## GARRARD COUNTY DEPARTMENT.

Lancaster.

—Dr. Spilman sold his fine farm near Ft. Lick to Mr. Frank Lutes for \$4,000.

—Next Monday is county court day and horse show day also. A good crowd is expected in town.

—As trustees of B. M. Burdett, Jno. W. Poor sold the tobacco warehouse on Paulding street to Wm. Berkele for \$625.

—License was issued Wednesday for the marriage of Mr. Louis Blakeman, of Madison county, to Miss Sarah Murphy, of Garrard.

—Rev. A. B. Cabbins delivered lectures on China Tuesday and Wednesday evenings. Those who attended pronounce them very interesting.

—Persons wishing to purchase fine Irish Setters (Red) can do so by applying to P. O. Box 126, Lancaster, Ky., at \$10 a piece for males and \$7 for females.

—The Rev. Dr. Martin, of Danville, the Moderator of the Transylvania Presbytery, will deliver the opening sermon this evening at the Presbyterian church.

—Judge Singleton fined Harrison Brown \$10 for striking Lucy Collier and in default of payment Harrison was sent to the work house. The parties are colored.

—The remains of Miss Ella F. Doores, of Crab Orchard, were laid to rest in our cemetery Tuesday afternoon. Deceased was well known and universally beloved here, she having visited friends and relatives at this place frequently.

—Mr. J. P. Sandifer is in Washington looking after his chances for the Collectorship of this district. The Louisville *Commercial* of Tuesday says Mr. Sandifer a handsome and reserved compliment in its Washington dispatches.

—Mr. Jno. T. Higgins has moved to the Phillips building on Richmond street. T. G. Stevens is building an addition to his store-room to be used as a restaurant. Mr. J. V. Cook has completed a handsome residence on Danville street near town.

—The masked skating carnival that was to have been given this (Friday) evening was changed to last night when refreshments were to be served by the ladies composing the Garrard Female College Society and to which society the proceeds of the evening were to be given. The extensive preparations indicated it would be an exceptionally elegant affair.

## GEO. O. BARNES.

After a Voyage Across the Indian Ocean Reaches the Heathen Land.

"PRAISE THE LORD."

INDIAN OCEAN, STEAMER "VENETIA." MAR. 14th, '85.

DEAR INTERIOR:—

Soon after I finished my last we steamed into the Harbor of Aden. This convenient possession of Anglo-Israel, owes its great importance to the fact of its being the only harbor, worth the name, along this inhospitable coast. The Arabian littoral is here as rugged as the shores of Scotland about Peterhead. The Britons, with that delicate sense of discrimination that leads them everywhere to select the very best places for occupation, at once appropriated Aden, as a coaling station for their fleets passing through the Red Sea. And now the rest of the world that come this way, have to come to Britain and ask her to fill their bunkers and water-tanks. They don't at all like to do it, but can't help themselves.

The harbor is little more than an open roadstead, but so much better than any other haven on this desolate coast as to seem better than it really is.

One thing, in my ignorance of the geography of the country, surprised me. I thought Aden was near the entrance of the Red Sea. Whereas it is 90 miles off on the southern coast of Arabia Deserta and well named it is, if what we have seen is like the rest.

We lay at anchor six hours taking in coal and water.

Before our anchor dropped a fleet of canoes with a boy in each little "dug-out" came swarming around us. And then a chorus of voices, vociferating in broken English, but quite to the point, saluted us thus. "Yes, throw sixpence! I dive! Yes, throw away! Yes! You got plenty money! Throw sixpence! I dive! Yes!" The din from this mosquito fleet was quite deafening. The passengers threw them small coins, and the youngsters went after them like Newfoundland dogs and brought them up every time, leaving their canoes, meanwhile, to take care of themselves. When they came to the surface, puffing, and the successful diver with the bit of money between his teeth, each made for his own craft. How they could get into the crazy little dug-outs, without upsetting was a mystery to me, but they whipped into them in the most adroit way, bailed out with feet and hands and paddled off for another passenger, who might wish to invest his money in the bay for their benefit.

These Somali boys had good faces, with better features than the average negro. Hair kinky, but, with some, growing to a considerable length, and the ends bleached or "blondined" to a tint very near the once fashionable hue so zealously affected by our own young women folks. I hear they plaster their wool with a paste, in which lime predominates in order to secure the coveted tint. The effect certainly is unique when they give these half bleached locks to the breezes and go about with amazing mops of colored wool, flying around their black faces. Others go to an opposite extreme and shave the head clean, which, to my taste, is a decided improvement on the other fashion.

A cotton cloth around the loins constitutes the dress suit in which there is so little room for variety that one cannot blame them for a little pride in connection with the arrangement of the hair. Human vanity must have some outlet, even in Arabia.

There is no water in or about Aden, any more than coal mines, and yet perhaps 2,000 steamers per annum take in coal and water at this point. The water is all made on the spot by condensing machinery, from sea water. Fancy the enormous character of the manufacture! The coal is brought in steamers and a store kept on hand in excess of all possible wants.

The frowning forts and protruding muzzles of heavy guns proclaim that Ephraim proposes to hold his acquisition against all comers. The town and fortifications are on the shelving side of a ragged mountain that towers at the back, presenting a fine appearance as approached from the sea. The Governor's house quite palatial, with elaborate verandahs and dazzling white, winding road to the front. All the chief houses are white stuccoed and have picturesque piazzas. But not a tree, shrub or blade of grass could we see anywhere. There is no soil for them to grow upon unless it too should be imported from some more favored spot.

We parted with our young Germans at Aden. We did it very regretfully for we had learned to like them much. We exchanged addresses and promised correspondence, then said "good bye." They wait a day or two at Aden for a Zanzibar steamer to come along. What out of the way places will men seek for and go to for business or pleasure. Surely to do the work the dear LORD has sent His saved ones to accomplish, there ought not to be shrinkings, where men of the world "in their generation" thus lead the way. Oh if there had only been among saints half the "enterprise" shown by sinners, surely 1,900 years would not have witnessed so little done for the gospel's spread. "But the children of the world are wiser in their generation than the children of light," said the Master and He alone knew how true it was and is.

We sailed out of Aden harbor soon after the sun went down, rounded the outer light that cast its friendly radiance at a dangerous point and soon were heading for Bombay and out in the open sea. I don't wonder that sailors like to be out of sight of everything, and feel safest 1,000 miles from land. These pitiless rocks that line the coast we have lately passed, seemed just

waiting to smash something up that should be tossed to them by the angry sea.

We like the Venetia much. Our officers are most kind and attentive, and our 2d class position has brought us into pleasant and familiar intercourse with the subordinate functionaries of the steamer. The vessel being manned with Europeans or Hindustanis, with whom we have little opportunity of association, we are limited to our fellow passengers and what corresponds with the non-commissioned officers in the military service. If the good people are as sociable as these forward, then the Venetia has a very happy ship's company indeed. A steamer like this is a full-blown community of itself, with nearly everything represented that one finds in a village on shore. "The butcher, the baker, the candlestick maker," and all the rest of them are here in some shape or other, and need to be attended to the wants of the complicated establishment.

Society lines are sharply drawn as on shore, and "aboard the funnel on the upper deck" as well as the entire "main deck" are enclosures forbidden the rest, except during the brief hour of public service Sunday, when we all meet together on a dead level, as we shall one day when earthly distinctions shall forever vanish. Of course this distinction and restriction are right. First-class passengers ought to secure first-class privileges. I am not for a moment growling, only recording. "You pay your money and you take your choice," is sound as a business rule.

The quartermasters, of whom there are seven, are fine young fellows, sociable and very obliging. We have for fellow passengers in the second cabin, since our young Germans left, 3 Hindustanis (nice, intelligent men, wearing European costumes) a Portuguese from Lisbon; a Scotchman; an English lad of 16 or 18 returning to his parents in Bombay; and the widow of an English clergyman, deceased, who has joined the church of Rome since his death and is going out to Bombay, on service for the church of her choice.

The day we came to Aden the little organ was disintegrated from the hold, and since then it has been a general favorite. The ready hands of our obliging friends lift it to the fore castle deck and tenderly restore it to a safe place when the concert is over.

A heavy rain storm overtook us met us 24 hours out of Aden, which lasted another 24 and broke up deck singing for a while. But this only proved a temporary annoyance. Study is rather a joke. In fact aboard ship is the worst possible place for any employment requiring steady application of mind. For the first time during the voyage we made a start on the 11th in our Hindustani manuals. Thus far my class has learned to count 10 and have an imperfect knowledge of the alphabet. I shall not press my scholars for I feel myself all the force of the *doce pro niente* that is the inevitable accompaniment of a voyage at sea.

BOMBAY, March 18th.—We reached this splendid city of 600,000 inhabitants at 6 P. M., the 10th. A happy termination of a most delightful voyage. We tarry here until the 23d. The dear children and Cousin Jude are in the midst of the intoxication of first arrival. Wife and I play the role of experienced "old Indians" and smile benignantly and patronizingly at their enthusiasm. Secretly we are almost as much upset with the delirium of re-arrival on our old "stamping ground" as the youngest of the party. Help us to praise the dear LORD for all! We are in perfect health. Ever in Jesus,  
GEO. O. BARNES.

## RAILROAD AID QUESTION.

The Lincoln County Court at its April term, 1885, made an order submitting to the qualified voters of the county, at an election to be held in the several voting precincts of the county, on *Saturday, May 16th, 1885*, the following question:—

"Whether the county of Lincoln shall issue bonds to an amount not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars on the credit and responsibility of the whole county, to be expended in acquiring title to or the right of way over a strip of land through the county of Lincoln, beginning at or near Stanford or Richmond Junction and extending thence westwardly by or near to Hustonville to the Casey county line, upon the general width of not more than seventy-five feet, and such additional grounds as may be needed for that purpose and such land at Stanford as may be needed for depot buildings, machine shops, round houses, water supply and such other buildings and structures as may be useful to said railroad, and to permit the county to dispose of said property when so acquired to said Railroad Company upon such reasonable terms and in such manner as to compensation as may be agreed upon by said county, through its Commissioners, and said Railroad Company, as permitted by an Act of the General Assembly of Kentucky, entitled 'An Act to authorize Lincoln county to raise money to aid in the construction of a railroad through said county,' approved May 1, 1884."

The undersigned were appointed a committee by the Court and directed to have the above stated action of the Court published for the information of the voters of the county, and we have adopted this method of performing that duty.

J. BLAIN,  
THOS. W. VARNON,  
April 10. J. N. MENEFFEE, } Committee.

## What You Want to Know.

Everybody wants an honest answer to this simple question:—What is the best medicine to regulate the bowels, cure constiveness and biliousness, help the digestion and give strength to the whole system? People ask us this every day. We answer, Parker's Tonic. It is pleasant to the taste. All the children like it. Mothers praise it. It will save a thousand times its cost in every family. (Editor Western Argus.

## CURE FOR PILES.

Piles are frequently preceded by a sense of weight in the back, loins and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion are present, as flatulency, uneasiness of the stomach, etc. A moisture, like perspiration, producing a very disagreeable itching, after getting warm, is a very common attendant. Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles yield at once to the application of Dr. Bosanko's Pile Remedy, which acts directly upon the parts affected, absorbing the Tumors, allaying the intense itching and affording a permanent cure. Price 50 cents. Address the Dr. Bosanko Medicine Co., Fiqua, Ohio. Sold by McRoberts & Stage.

## H. C. RUPLEY!

—I have received and still receiving—

## NEW GOODS For SPRING &amp; SUMMER

Comprising the best in the market, which will be

Gotten Up in Style and Make Second to None in City or Country.

Give Me a Trial.

H. C. RUPLEY.

## THE NEW GROCERY AND HARDWARE HOUSE OF

TAYLOR BROS.  
HUSTONVILLE, KY.

Would kindly ask your attention to the fact that they have just returned from the cities with a large fresh and well selected stock of CHOICE

## FAMILY GROCERIES

In endless variety, dainty in quality and satisfactory in prices; this we guarantee. Our aim shall be at all times to supply every want in our line.

## OUR HARDWARE AND POCKET CUTLERY

Consists of the Standard Brands of Europe and America. Our large line of Cooking Stoves includes the justly celebrated "Great Western Reserve" and many other family favorites. Our China, Glass and Queensware stock consists in part of Table, Tea and Chamber Sets complete, Glassware richly cut and etched. In the way of Breadstuffs we have Buckwheat Flour, the queen of all tribes. Our celebrated Patent "C. M." Flour, unrivaled for cake and pastry, while Rice and Hominy, our own patriotic products, arrayed as faithful adjuncts. All the delicacies in Foreign and Domestic Confections are here. Tin, Stone, Wooden and Willowware, Electric Lamps, Stationery, Canned Meats and Fruits and a complete line of Cigars and Tobacco. Well, this is only a hint of what we have. Believing that we can make it to your interest, we confidently ask an examination of our goods and your patronage.

Respectfully,

TAYLOR BROTHERS.

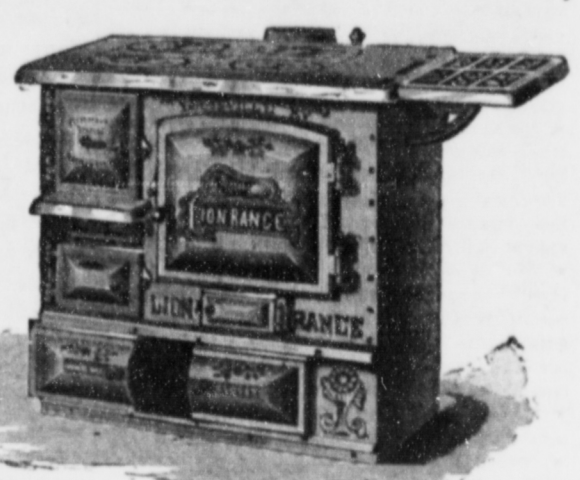
## THE LION WROUGHT IRON RANGE,

For Coal or Wood.

This Range is Extra Heavy and is made of the very best Juniata Charcoal Iron. Has cast top and front, with Entire Wrought Iron Body and Oven. Warming Oven extends under entire length of Range. Automatic Oven Shelf. Sectional Fire Linings and Cut Centers. Nickel name plate, knobs and hinge pins. Adjustable side shelf and all modern improvements.

Can be arranged with Heater for hot and cold water.

Water Box or Heater extra.



W. H. HIGGINS,

SPECIAL AGENT,

Stanford, - - Kentucky.

## Penny &amp; M'Alister

## PHARMACISTS,

DEALERS IN—  
Drugs, Books, Stationery and Fancy Articles.

Physicians' prescriptions accurately compounded.

—Also—

## JEWELERS.

The Largest Stock of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry and Silverware

Ever brought to this market. Prices Lower than the Lowest. Watches, Clocks, etc. Repaired on short notice and Warranted.



—IT—

## WILL PAY YOU,

—WHEN IN TOWN—

To Examine the Celebrated Evans Corn Planter given up to be the Best on the Market.

Also the Well-Known Thomas Harrow and Furst & Bradley Sulky Plow!

These Goods are For Sale only by us and will be sold guaranteed. Can refer you by permission to some of the best farmers in Lincoln County.

Also, Big Stock of Walking and Walking and Riding Cultivators, Turning Plows, Double and Single Shovel Plows, &c.

We also handle the Mitchell and Old Hickory Wagons. A Big Line of Buggies, Carriages and Phaetons Always on Hand.

Prices Guaranteed to be BOTTOM on Everything.

BRIGHT &amp; CURRAN.







## GRANT'S ATTENDANTS.

THE MEN WHO WATCHED THE SUFFERING COMMANDER.

Portraits of Those Whose Opinions were Eagerly Looked for Each Day During the Past Two Months.

Below are likenesses of the doctors who have been attending General Grant during the suffering weeks in which the country has been expecting daily to hear of his death.

DR. DOUGLAS.  
The senior physician is Dr. Douglas, well known as an able and eminent medical man of New York city. In connection with his assistant, Dr. Shady, he has watched the distinguished patient without ceasing. One or the other of the two remained up with the general every night during the most critical period of his illness.

The past two months of the history of Gen. Grant's life recall the last days of President Garfield. The scientific prodding and puncturing, the importance and mystery of the physicians, the bi-daily bulletins and all the professional fuss and feathers remind us sadly of the dark days of the summer of '81. Yet the outcome of those dark days promises to be happier than the result in 1881.

The scientific and surgical appliances that have been brought to bear upon the old commander are something formidable. A small electric light was made which at intervals was put into his mouth, so that the physicians might see into his throat. When he came so near death in March a council of physicians decided that it might prolong his life a few days if a certain surgical operation were performed. Instruments were kept in readiness constantly, so that if worst came to worst the scientific cutting might be gone into at any moment. The nature of that operation is something terrible to contemplate. It was described by Dr. Shady as follows:

"It would involve the division of the lower jaw in the median line, the extirpation of the entire tongue and the greater part of the soft palate, together with the removal of the ulcerated and infiltrated granular structures under the lower jaw."

DR. SHADY.  
Let us be thankful that after all the general escaped this frightful operation. He has still his tongue and soft palate, and long may he keep them, in spite of medical learning. There are aspects of the case which suggest that there is such a thing as being too scientific. About the middle of April there were those who began to suspect there were facts developing in the case that had not been fully told. There was even more of an air of mystery about Grant's immediate attendants than before. It was remembered that the general had said a week before:

"I begin to believe I have a chance for recovery after all."

Then came the news the next day that he had surprised his family by joining them at luncheon. Finally it was whispered that the general had never had any more at all, but only a painful and dangerous case in his throat. That, in short, the doctors had been wrong from the first in their diagnosis of his case. Their over-zeal and nervousness had caused them to make the mistake. Nobody would probably be more glad to find that this was so than themselves. During the general's illness, however, they have perhaps unconsciously attained so much prominence that the newspapers are pretending to be anxious about their health. One was represented as calling at the door of his house in Sixty-sixth street, ringing the bell at midnight, and inquiring how the doctor's appliances are, and if they are resting comfortably.

REV. J. P. NEWMAN.  
The devoted pastor was an important figure among the group who so faithfully attended the suffering hero in the terrible ordeal to which he was recently subjected. Speaking of the period he spent in watching the Rev. Dr. Newman says: "The general's mind was awake and alert like he was much of the time recalling his campaigns. This was natural, in any case, but a special cause was the work that he had been doing on his book about the great struggle. His disease had stopped him in the middle of an undertaking to put his memory and views on record, but he continued to tax his memory as to the minutest details of the movements and battles. His meditations were all in that direction, and his troubled sleep was crowded with

dreams, in which he imagined that he was going through the war again. "He fought the battle of Shiloh over and over again. That engagement had recently been the subject of a magazine article by him, and the details were thereby freshened in his mind. In his last days, when he slumbered fitfully in his chair, he would start with a start and an ejaculation, remaining for a moment in a sort of daze; and several times he said he had been dreaming of Shiloh." Harrison, his negro body servant, who acted as nearly in the capacity of a nurse as he would permit anybody to do, says that the hard, incessant pain made Grant dream repeatedly that he was wounded in the throat. This fact was revealed only by disconnected exclamations for the general was characteristically taciturn to the end. Once he clutched his neck and cried: "It was the shell did it!" Evidently a spasm in the region of the cancer had made him dream that a shell hit him.

The Rev. Dr. Newman was exceptionally favored by the general when at the height of his career, and it was just that the doctor should reciprocate when his previous benefactor was overwhelmed with trouble. Besides attending the Metropolitan church in Washington while president, thereby rendering the pastor popular, President Grant sent Dr. Newman around the world in a government vessel on a mission to inspect consulates with a salary of \$5,000. Here was an opportunity for foreign travel which should have furnished the doctor with a store of information sufficient to render his sermons interesting for years to come. But for some reason or another the doctor has not of late been a success as a preacher. The story of his troubles with his congregation of the Madison Avenue Congregational church, New York, is still fresh in the public mind. They resulted in his moving to San Francisco. It was there on the occasion of the funeral of the son of ex-Gov. Stanford that he delivered the celebrated funeral oration which will always be considered a notable effort.

## Minister to Peru.



CHARLES W. BUCK.

In connection with the appointment of Mr. Buck to the Peruvian mission, a good story is told in which the laugh is on Senator Beck, the senior senator from Kentucky. On account of his standing, Senator Beck is supposed to be acquainted with all the famous products of his state, or, at least, to have rubbed against the more prominent men in his section, so that when the announcement was made that the state of Kentucky was honored by the choice of Mr. Buck, one of its citizens, as Peruvian minister, Mr. Beck was sought out by other congressmen to get his opinion of the appointee. To their surprise the crusty old Scotchman answered that he had never heard of him. The inquiring congressmen soon after found among the leading names of those recommending Mr. Buck for the position was that of Senator Beck. It is an amusing illustration of the headless way in which public men affix their signatures to petitions without inquiring into their purport. The senator may have meant that as a politician he had never heard of Mr. Buck, which would have been the case, for it is as a promising lawyer of Louisville that he is known, though he also has considerable reputation among scientists as an entomologist, and it is said, that Miss Cleveland, knowing him to be a student of this branch of science, urged his appointment so that he might pursue his hobby among the insects of Peru. Mr. Buck was born and raised in the Mississippi valley, and believes heartily in the future development of an extensive trade between the Mississippi valley and the nations on the Pacific coast of South America on the completion of the Panama canal, and it is presumed that it was to lay the foundations for such a trade that he was appointed.

## The New Commissioner of Agriculture.



NORMAN S. COLMAN.

The new head of the important government bureau of agriculture is a Missourian. He was born, however, at Richfield Springs, N. Y., in 1827. Like many other leading American men in political life, Mr. Colman was a teacher in early life. He at length studied law, and settled at New Albany, Ind. While there he was the business partner of Hon. M. C. Kerr, who afterwards became speaker of the United States house of representatives.

About six years before the war broke out Mr. Colman removed to Missouri and became an editor. He bought The Valley Farmer, in St. Louis, and changed its name to Colman's Rural World. It is still published, and is authority on farm and garden matters throughout the southwest. Mr. Colman is sole owner and editor. It is a very prosperous paper, which speaks well for the new commissioner. A man who has managed an honorable private business successfully is the proper person to be trusted with public affairs.

Mr. Colman is a man of mark in Missouri. He has been for several years president of the State Press association. During the war he was a Union man, and lieutenant-colonel of a militia regiment. He has been a member of the legislature and lieutenant-governor of Missouri. He was the originator of the state board of agriculture, and the founder of the Missouri Horticultural society. The new commissioner is very highly thought of in the locality in which he is best known. He will bring much practical knowledge to his post.

ARE YOU MADE MISERABLE by Indigestion, Constipation, Dizziness, Loss of Appetite, Yellow Skin? Shiloh's Vitalizer is a positive cure. For sale by Penny &amp; McAllister.

## The Hurst Boomer.



CAPT. W. L. COUCH.

On the death of Capt. D. L. Payne, in November last, Capt. W. L. Couch assumed the leadership of the Oklahoma "boomers," of whom there are about 1,000. These men had been taught by Payne that a certain district about 60 miles long and 40 miles wide in the heart of the Indian Territory, at present unoccupied, is public property, upon which he and his followers had the right to settle, and which they proceeded to occupy in 1880. He was arrested by United States troops and warned to keep out of the Indian land. He twice afterwards repeated the occupation of these lands and was as many times driven out. In January last, Capt. Couch made preparations to again enter the territory. Gen. Hatch, in command of the United States troops, was sent to oppose him. After several threatened conflicts Couch made a conditional surrender and left the territory with the honors of war. Capt. Couch has recently visited Washington at the head of a committee to present their case to the president. But finding the administration firm in their resolution to keep Indian Territory for the exclusive use of friendly Indians it is likely that Couch and his squatter following may give up attempting further trouble. The captain is a native of New York state and a "Forty-niner." He is medium sized, mild mannered, dresses in conventional garb, and presents no suggestion of the wild border man. He was colonel of an Illinois regiment in the war of the rebellion.

## Our Minister to Brazil.



THOMAS J. JARVIS.

The newly appointed representative of the United States at the court of Dom Pedro is a man of Southern birth and antecedents. He was born in 1838 in North Carolina. His father was a Methodist preacher, and like most of his cloth in that denomination, very poor. But young Thomas J. was ambitious, and determined to get an education. He had a good strong brain, and will power enough to make himself study alone at home. In this way he mastered the common branches of English, and fitted himself to enter Randolph Macon college. This was a Methodist school in Virginia, at which preachers' sons were educated either free or at reduced rates. He graduated here in 1860.

Young Jarvis was a private soldier in the war, on the Confederate side. At Drury's Bluff, on the James, he was severely wounded as to be disabled from any further fighting service. True to the habit of learning he had formed when he fitted himself for college, in his boyhood days, he now began to study again. It was the law he began this time. In due time he was admitted to the bar, and commenced the practice of his profession. Like most ambitious young men, he turned to politics as a fitting field for the exercise of his talents. He was a member of the legislature of Georgia several terms, and an elector at large for that state on the Greeley ticket. In 1875 he was elected a member of the constitutional convention; in 1879 he was elected lieutenant governor of the state, and upon the election of Gov. Z. B. Vance to the United States senate he became governor. In 1880 he was elected governor by the people by 5,000 majority. In a term of office expired Jan. 5, 1885. He was out of office only a few months when President Cleveland appointed him minister to Brazil.

## What They Eat in Persia.

In every large town cook shops abound. Sheep are roasted whole in ovens, and sold hot by the slice. The sheep's heads and feet are boiled separately, and their preparation and sale is a trade in itself. But the edible most in favor among all classes in Persia is the kabab. There are two varieties of kabab. One is made from minced mutton, which is chopped with a few onions into a paste fine as sausage meat, carefully moulded over a skewer, roasted over a fierce charcoal fire, and sold and eaten hot. This is the kabab of the bazaar, the delicacy of the lower classes. But in Persia, as in the rest of the east, bread, rice and dates are the real food. Persians of all ages are very fond of confectionery, and are constantly devouring sweets. The lower-class Persians will eat several pounds of grapes, cucumbers or apricots for a meal; they eat onions as we eat apples. Pomegranates and melons are in great demand as food, and the melons, which run to fourteen pounds in weight, are very nutritious. Cucumbers are looked on as a fruit, and are eaten in large quantities by rich and poor. They are not indigestible. Seven pounds' weight may be had for a halfpenny. Grapes in infinite variety and of the most delicious kinds, from the huge long grape, which measures two inches, to the tiny sultana, sweet as honey to the taste.

The curds and most simply made by adding a small portion of the rennet or else old curds to warmed milk; in a few hours it sets into a mass, the curd on the top. If eaten the first day, it is like a junket; if allowed to remain it becomes sour, and will keep good any time. In this sour state it is preferred, and is eaten with honey, sugar or grape sugar. Eggs boiled hard and dyed a gray color are much eaten; some 40 to 50 can be had for 9d. These things, then, form the cheap and varied diet of the working classes. Beef, too, is eaten by them; never by the well to do.

SHILOH'S CATARRH REMEDY, a positive cure for Catarrh, Dysphenteria and Canker Mouth. For sale by Penny &amp; McAllister.

## ON TIME!



My celebrated saddle horse breeder, On Time, will make the season of 1885 at my stable near the Knob Lick pike, 4 miles from Shelby City, at \$10 to insure a colt till weaning time.

On Time is a beautiful bay, 15½ hands high, with well proportioned form and muscles. He was sired by Stonewall Jackson; he by Washington Denmark, dam Fancy by Belshazzar. He is also stand at the same place the well known Jack.

I will also stand at the same place the well known Jack.

OLD BLACK HAWK.

And two young Jacks.

HENDRICKS and PHIL THOMPSON.

Phil is 14 hands, the size of the old Jack. Hendricks is a black, 15½ hands high, and stands at \$10 and Hendricks at \$15 on the same terms as the horse.

Lien held on all colts for the payment of the season. Hares traded or removed before weaning time makes the season due and must be paid. All care and attention given to promote success and accommodate my patrons in any and every way.

LEVI HUBBLE.

Mambrino King, Jr.

Will make the season of 1885 at my stable, 3 miles from Crab Orchard, on the Crab Orchard and Lancaster turnpike, at \$12.50 to insure a Living Colt, or \$10 the season.

Mambrino King, Jr., is 16 hands high, jet black, 7 years old, perfect in form and was sired by Dr. Herri's Mambrino King, the best show horse in the world. Mambrino King was sired by Mambrino Patchen, full brother of Lady Thorn, New York, and Patchen, by Mambrino Chief, the celebrated horse that J. B. Clay brought from New York. Mambrino King was sired by Mambrino Patchen, and he by Old Mambrino, the Pyramus, sired by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 1st dam by Tiger, sired by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 2nd dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 3rd dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 4th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 5th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 6th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 7th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 8th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 9th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 10th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 11th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 12th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 13th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 14th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 15th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 16th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 17th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 18th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 19th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 20th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 21st dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 22nd dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 23rd dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 24th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 25th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 26th dam by Mambrino King, Jr.'s 27th dam by Mambrino 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